

Supplementary Labour Scheme (Flexibility Measures for the Textiles and Clothing Industry)

What an imported worker should know

If you are an employee recruited to work in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region under the Supplementary Labour Scheme (Flexibility Measures for the Textiles and Clothing Industry), your employment terms are governed by your employment contract and Hong Kong laws, in particular the Employment Ordinance, Cap.57 of the Laws of Hong Kong. You should take note of the following information:

1. Copy of employment contract

Your employer is required to provide you with one of the four original copies of the employment contract free of charge. You should keep it in your safe custody. You will be required to produce your employment contract for inspection upon registration for a Hong Kong Identity Card. If you do not have the copy of employment contract, you should ask your employer for it. Your workplace, wages, normal hours of work, post and other relevant details can be found in the contract.

2. Employment restriction

You are only allowed to take up the particular post for the employer at the place of employment as specified in the employment contract. You should not take up a different post; work at a different place or take up part-time employment. Without the prior approval of the Director of Immigration, you are not permitted to work for other employers.

3. Payment of wages and wage records

You are entitled to a basic daily wage for each working day and if applicable, remuneration on the basis of piece-rate beyond the basic daily wage. The amount of wages (excluding overtime pay) earned in a month should be no less than the basic monthly wage as specified in the employment contract.

Unless otherwise provided, the wage period is 1 month. Wages are due at the end of the wage period and must be paid to you as soon as practicable, but, in any case, not later than 7 days after the expiry of the wage period.

Wages should be paid by your employer to your bank account in Hong Kong by autopay. You are at liberty as to how you should dispose your income. Your employer shall have no right to interfere in this regard.

Your employer must provide you with details of your earnings every month and you should acknowledge receipt of the information if you have no query regarding the wages computation.

4. Overtime pay

If you are required to work more than the normal hours as stated in the employment contract, you are entitled to overtime pay at the rate calculated in accordance with the contract.

5. Deduction from wages

No deduction may be made by an employer from your wages other than deductions for :

(i) absence from work (the sum to be deducted should be proportionate to the period of time you are absent from work); (ii) damages to or loss of the employer's property due to your negligence or default (the amount shall not exceed HK\$300 or the equivalent in value of the damage or loss suffered by the employer, whichever is the less); (iii) accommodation provided by the employer in respect of the period you occupied the accommodation (subject to a maximum of one tenth of the basic monthly wage or the actual cost of accommodation, whichever is the less); (iv) recovery of any advance or over-payment of wages (subject to a maximum of one quarter of the wages payable in that wage period); (v) your contribution to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme subject to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance; and (vi) recovery of loans made by the employer to you with your written consent.

Unless written approval of the Commissioner for Labour is obtained, the total of all deductions, excluding deductions for absence from work, made in any one wage period shall not exceed half of the wages payable to you in respect of that wage period.

Your employer shall not make deductions from your wages for the purpose of paying any dues or fees charged on you by authorities and agents in your place of origin.

Employers importing labour under the Supplementary Labour Scheme are required to pay a levy under the Employees Retraining Ordinance, Cap.423 of the Laws of Hong Kong. No deductions from your wages shall be made by the employer for this reason.

6. Wages repayment

The employer should pay the contractual wages to you in full subject to the above allowable deductions. If you are requested to repay your employer or his representative after receiving the wages, please contact the Labour Department immediately so as to protect your right.

7. Passage, visa and medical examination fee

Expenses for passage to and from Hong Kong on commencement, termination or expiry of the contract, visa fees, subsequent visa extension fees and medical examination fees should be paid by your employer.

8. Rest days

You are entitled to 1 rest day in every period of 7 days. A rest day is a continuous period of not less than 24 hours.

9. Statutory holidays

You are entitled to 12 statutory holidays per year as follows : the first day of January; the first three days of Lunar New Year; Ching Ming Festival; Labour Day (the first day of May); Tuen Ng Festival; Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Establishment Day (the first day of July); the day following the Chinese Mid-Autumn Festival; National Day (the first day of October); Chung Yeung Festival; Chinese Winter Solstice Festival or Christmas Day (at the option of the employer).

10. Paid annual leave

You are entitled to at least 7 days' paid annual leave for every period of 12 months following the completion of the first and of the second year of service. Thereafter, the number of paid annual leave days shall be increased in accordance with the Employment Ordinance.

11. Free medical care and sickness allowance

Your employer must provide free medical care if you suffer from illness or injury, no matter whether it is attributable to the employment or not. However, your employer is not responsible for providing free medical

treatment during the period when you leave Hong Kong of your own volition or for your personal purposes. Free medical care includes hospital stay and urgent dental treatment.

You are entitled to sickness allowance if you have accumulated sufficient paid sickness days under the Employment Ordinance and the sick leave granted by the registered medical practitioner, registered Chinese medicine practitioner or registered dentist is 4 consecutive days or more. The daily rate of sickness allowance is a sum equivalent to four-fifths of the average daily wages earned by an employee in the 12-month period preceding the first sickness day. Sickness allowance should be paid on the normal pay day.

12. Work injury compensation

If you suffer from an injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment or a prescribed occupational disease, your employer is liable for paying compensation to you according to the Employees' Compensation Ordinance. Your employer must also take out an insurance policy for you under the Ordinance.

You should immediately notify your supervisor and seek medical treatment if you are injured at work. After you have obtained sick leave certificates relating to the injury, you should send the original copy to your employer and keep one copy for yourself.

During the sick leave period, your employer should pay you periodical payments at the rate of four-fifths of your normal earnings on a normal pay day.

If, as a result of the accident, you are incapacitated for 7 days or less and without permanent incapacity, you may settle the case directly with the employer. Otherwise, you will receive a Sick Leave Clearance Form along with some explanatory notes issued by the Labour Department. You should follow the advice given in the notes and approach the specified Occupational Medicine Unit for sick leave clearance.

If you ought to go through the sick leave clearance procedures described above but you do not receive any Sick Leave Clearance Form issued by the Labour Department, you should contact the relevant district office of the **Employees' Compensation Division of the Labour Department**.

You can obtain the address and telephone number of their offices by ringing up the **Enquiry Hotline: 2717 1771**.

13. Accommodation and meals

Your employer is required to provide furnished accommodation to you in compliance with the standards stipulated in the Schedule to the standard employment contract. Free accommodation may be provided to you by your employer. However, if it is so stipulated in the employment contract, your employer may deduct not exceeding 10% of your basic monthly wage or the actual cost of accommodation, whichever is the less, as accommodation cost in respect of the period you occupied the accommodation.

Employers are not obliged to provide meals to imported workers, but if they do, it must be for free.

14. Termination of contract prior to its expiry

You or your employer may terminate the contract prior to its expiry by giving the other party due notice in writing or payment in lieu of notice as stipulated in the employment contract.

15. Termination of contract without notice by employer

Your employer may terminate the contract without notice or payment in lieu of notice if you, in relation to your employment (i) wilfully disobey a lawful and reasonable order; (ii) misconduct yourself; (iii) are guilty of fraud or dishonesty; or (iv) are habitually neglectful in your duties.

16. Termination of contract without notice by employee

You may terminate the contract without notice or payment in lieu of notice if you reasonably fear physical danger by violence or disease, or you are subjected to ill-treatment.

17. Limitation of stay after termination of contract

You are required to return to your place of origin upon termination of the employment contract. While you are employed by your employer, normally you may stay in Hong Kong until the expiry of the permitted period of stay. However, if your contract is prematurely terminated, you are only permitted to remain in Hong Kong for two weeks after termination of contract, or for the remainder of the permitted stay, whichever is earlier. Breach of a condition of stay is an offence under the Immigration

Ordinance, Cap.115 of the Laws of Hong Kong.

18. Occupational safety and health

You are required to follow rules on safety at work. If you want to make any enquiries about **occupational safety or health matters**, please call **2559 2297**. **For complaints, please call 2542 2172**.

19. Identity Card and travel document

Any worker admitted for employment in Hong Kong for a period of more than six months is required to register for a Hong Kong Identity Card under the Registration of Persons Regulations, Cap.177 of the Laws of Hong Kong.

Your Hong Kong Identity Card and travel document are very important personal documents which should be kept in your own safe custody and should not be passed to any other person hastily.

Upon termination of contract, you are required to return your Hong Kong Identity Card to the Quality Migrants and Mainland Residents Section of the Immigration Department at 9/F, Immigration Tower, 7 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong before your departure from Hong Kong.

20. Mandatory Provident Fund

According to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Cap. 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong, all employees and self-employed persons between the age of 18 to 65, except the exempt persons, have to join mandatory provident fund schemes. Exempt persons include foreign workers whose employment visas are granted for not more than a 13 month-period, or who have joined overseas retirement scheme(s) or pension/ provident fund scheme(s).

If you are not exempted from the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, the employers are required to arrange for you to join the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme, contribute from their own to the scheme regularly, and deduct your contribution from your relevant income to contribute to the scheme.

Employers and employees are required to make contributions equivalent to 5% of the employees' relevant income to the scheme, subject to a maximum contribution of \$1,000 per month from each party. Employees

whose income of a given month is less than \$5,000 are not required to make mandatory contributions of that given month, but their employers must contribute an amount that equals to 5% of the income of the employees concerned.

All benefits derived from mandatory contributions must be preserved until the employees attain the retirement age of 65. However, early withdrawal will be permitted if the employees will depart from Hong Kong permanently.

If you have any queries on matters relating to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes, please call the **Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority** at **2918 0102**.

21. Other matters

Your legal obligations are governed by the employment contract and the laws of Hong Kong. Any imported worker who is found to have breached his condition of stay or violated the laws of Hong Kong may be liable to prosecution and removal from Hong Kong. A person so removed will not be allowed to come to Hong Kong again for employment.

Before signing any document (e.g. wages receipt), you should read the content carefully. You should not sign up hastily unless you fully understand and agree to the content of the document.

Your employment contract may not be automatically renewed upon expiry. Its renewal depends on whether your employer is able to obtain new approval for importing worker and whether he will renew the contract with you.

If you are dismissed because of complaining against your employer for exploitation through no fault of your own, and you have complied with the legislation and employment conditions which imported workers must observe, the Labour Department may consider assisting you to seek employment. The Labour Department will also make investigations and take prompt actions to protect your employment rights.

22. Enquiries or complaints

If you want to make any enquiries about the Employment Ordinance, please ring up **Enquiry Hotline: 2717 1771**, or approach branch offices of the Labour Relations Division of the Labour Department (see Appendix) in

person for assistance.

If you suspect that your employer has failed to observe the employment conditions, please lodge a complaint with the Labour Department promptly through the **Supplementary Labour Scheme Hotline 2150 6363**. All information provided to the Labour Department will be kept confidential.

For advice on immigration matters, you are welcome to call the **hotline** of the **Immigration Department at 2829 3220**.

To report a crime, please call the **Hong Kong Police Hotline at 2527 7177**. In case of emergency or if you need Police assistance, please call **999**.

23. Important note

For details of employment conditions, you should refer to your employment contract, the Employment Ordinance and other relevant chapters of the Laws of Hong Kong governing employment and immigration matters.

APPENDIX

Addresses of the Labour Relations Division of the Labour Department are listed below :

<u>HONG KONG REGION</u>	<u>NEW TERRITORIES REGION</u>
Hong Kong East 34/F, Revenue Tower, 5 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong	Tsuen Wan 5/F, Tsuen Wan Government Offices, 38 Sai Lau Kok Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories
Hong Kong West 3/F, Western Magistracy Building, 2A Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong	Kwai Chung 6/F, Kwai Hing Government Offices, 166 – 174 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories
<u>KOWLOON REGION</u>	Tuen Mun Room 2720, 27/F, Tuen Mun Parklane Square, 2 Tuen Hi Road, Tuen Mun, New Territories
Kowloon East Room 1206, 12/F, Stelux House, 698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon	Sha Tin & Tai Po Rooms 304-313, 3/F, Sha Tin Government Offices, 1 Sheung Wo Che Road, Shatin, New Territories
Kowloon West Room 1009, 10/F, Cheung Sha Wan Government Offices, 303 Cheung Sha Wan Road, Sham Shui Po, Kowloon	
Kowloon South 2/F, Mongkok Government Offices, 30 Luen Wan Street, Mong Kok, Kowloon	
Kwun Tong 6/F, Kowloon East Government Offices, 12 Lei Yue Mun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon	